

Perfection In Natural Gas Lighting

THE WIEDERHOLD INVERTED LIGHT

Does Not Flicker
Cuts Gas Bill in Two—
Cuts Mantle Bill in Two—
Doubles Your Light—
Throws 85% Light Downward
Fits Any Gas Fixture.



"Halves the Cost"

And We Can Prove It

W. A. L. THOMPSON HWD. CO.

511 Kansas Avenue

NO JURISDICTION.

Colorado Supreme Court Decides
Against Denver County Court.

Denver, Jan. 7.—Justice Campbell in the state supreme court today announced a decision, in which all his associates concurred, that the county court has no jurisdiction over the contest against franchisees voted to the Denver Gas & Electric company and the Denver City Tramway company at the last city election.

The decision was given on the appeal from an order made by Judge Ben B. Lindsey, in which F. A. Williams, chairman of the Republican county committee; Henry L. Doherty, president of the gas company; and George N. Ordway, election commissioner, were convicted and sentenced to jail for refusing to testify in the contest cases. Suits are still pending in the federal court contesting the franchisees.

INDIAN GETS OFF WITH \$5.

Albert Ross, from Just West of Mayetta, in Police Court.

Albert Ross, the big six foot Indian from "just west of Mayetta" pleaded guilty to a plain drunk this morning in his characteristic way and was assessed the minimum fine of five dollars which he will pay as soon as he is able to get to communication with the members of his tribe.

"Were you drunk last night?" asked Judge Urmey, directing the question at the big red man who sat directly in front of him. "Well, I guess that I was," answered the man of fire water, "for else the policeman would not have brought me here. Any way I want to plead guilty and pay my fine and get back to Mayetta."

"How long since you were here?" asked Judge Urmey.

"Oh, it has been a long time," replied the prisoner, "for I haven't been in Topeka since September, and I think that the police got me then."

"Your fine will be \$5," said Judge Urmey, and he rounded out his talk with the admonition that the fine would be higher if Mr. Redman appeared in his court too often.

THE DOG GOES MAD.

Had Been Bitten by the Canine That Bit C. Scott.

A little dog belonging to Mr. C. L. Smith of Rochester went mad yesterday and was killed. This dog was bitten on December 14th by the same large yellow dog which afterwards bit Mr. Clarence Scott, superintendent of Rochester cemetery. The Smith family kept a close watch on their dog to see if it developed any symptoms of rabies.

For over two weeks the dog has been kept shut up so that if he should go mad he could do no harm to any person or animal. Lately the dog began to show indications of rabies and yesterday it was evident that he was suffering intensely from this disease, so he was killed. It is thought that this is the only dog that the first mad dog bit.

6 lbs. Cane Gran. 25c
Sugar (With a \$1.00 Grocery Order, Sugar included.)

New Hand-picked Navy Beans, 7½ lbs. 25c

Ginger Snaps, 2 lb. 15c

Fresh Dates, 2 lb. 15c

Sweet Cider, per gal. 20c

50c Gunpowder Tea lb. 25c

50c Basket Fired Japan Tea, 3 lbs. for. \$1.00

Kansas Oil, per gal. 10c

Fancy Northern Potatoes, 15 lbs. 20c; 60 lbs. 75c

25 lbs. Sugar. \$1.00

Best Cane Granulated with a \$3.00 order—sugar included.

Extra Fine Country Lard, per lb. 14c

Pork Sausage (our own make) 2 lb for. 25c

Plate Boiling Meat, lb. 4½c

White Lard, lb. 10c

FRASER BROS.

C. O. D. STORE

Southeast cor. 6th and Jackson Sts.

Both Phones 660.

The Store That Makes Good.

CITY MUST PAY IT

Ten Thousand Dollars' Increase
in Salaries.Advance Has Been Made During
Last Year.

WILL ASK FOR MORE.

Rumor That Still Further Advances
Are to Be Made.Three Departments That Have
Not Been Reached.

Ten thousand dollars more to run Topeka one year in 1906 than it did in 1905. That is a conservative estimate of the increased cost brought about by raising the salaries of city employees.

With the exception of but three departments of the city, the council has granted substantial increases in the salaries of every employee of the city during the past twelve months.

The increases have come notwithstanding an impoverished treasury and no assurances that conditions were going to clear materially for the better.

Maybe the city is not a liberal provider. It is probable that larger salaries are deserving. The increased cost of living has brought about a higher wage in all lines of industry.

The councilmen started out on a circle to make an increase in every city department about one year ago. They have just about completed that circle now, but it looks like they will be forced to take another swing around the circle whether they want to or not.

Some of the councilmen are beginning to think that they are going to pay rather heavily for the ride they started to take last year at this time.

If the increase voted to the firemen will not reach any further—well, the councilmen will be inclined to congratulate themselves.

Some of the councilmen go so far as to state that the city made a mistake in ever making the first raise in salary. They base this contention on the grounds that the city is a big business corporation run on poor business principles, with never a big margin of profit and for the most of the time at a considerable loss.

It is up and down the councilmen. It is up and down the councilmen. It is up and down the councilmen. It is up and down the councilmen.

Two of the biggest city departments, the street department and police department, have been receiving bigger pay checks for the greater part of 1906, while the fire department has just been granted an increase bordering on 7 per cent, which will take effect April 1, 1907.

In the latter part of August the city council voted for a new salary ordinance and had it entered in September in the new ordinance books.

In that revision the police department was the first to fare well. The chief of police got \$83.33 per month and was raised to \$100. The increases were further made to the force as follows: Sergeant \$65 to \$75; plain clothes men \$65 to \$75; patrolmen \$60 to \$65.

The force numbers thirty-three including officers and men.

The increase in the monthly pay roll jumps from \$1,972.33 to \$2,197.50. Twenty-four hundred dollars a year of higher wages. The street department men were paid \$1.50 a day in December 1905, in December of 1906 the city paid \$1.75 for the same kind of labor.

It has more men this year than it did last year. In 1905 it had twenty-nine laborers on the pay roll at the \$1.50 per day, now it hires thirty-five at twenty-five cents a day more.

The pay roll of the street department for December 1905 was \$78.68, in December 1906 it was \$1,215.04. This is about \$2,700 a year more.

The street commissioner, however, did not receive an increase in salary and still gets \$1,000 a year.

In the city engineer's department the assistant city engineer had his salary

raised from \$76 a month to \$83.33, the draughtsman from \$50 to \$56.33. The total cost of running the city engineer's department for the month of December of 1905, was \$455.75 in the same month of 1906 it was \$508.75. About fifty dollars per month more.

In the city attorney's office the assistant city attorney has had his salary raised from \$65 a month to \$75. The assistant city clerk had an increase of \$15 a month, receiving \$65 instead of \$50. But in this instance a deputy was dismissed and the assistant is doing the work where two did it formerly. In this case the saving effected amounts to \$35 a month.

The fire department has been voted an increase to correspond with the raises which have been made in other departments.

The chief now is to receive \$150 a month in place of \$127.50; assistant, \$82.50 to \$90; captain \$75 to \$80; engineer \$75 to \$80; lieutenants, \$66 to \$75; firemen of first class \$64 to \$70.

The waterworks department had several increases. The superintendent which have not yet received an increase still remains at \$150 a month, the cashier, however, gets \$100 in place of \$75, but is taking the place of two men, one of whom also received \$60, clerk from \$40 to \$50, chief engineer remains at same salary, the assistant receives ten dollars a month more, \$75 to \$85, foreman \$75 to \$80, laborers \$150 to \$175, stenographer \$25 to \$30.

The city electric light department, the city treasurer and the sanitary department are the only three departments which have not yet received an increase and they have been attempting to get the favorable ear of the council.

ISSUE MADE PLAIN.

McClellan Is Charged With Illegally
Holding Office of Mayor.

New York, Jan. 7.—A summons has been served upon Mayor McClellan at the city hall.

The complaint declares that at the election in November, 1905, Mr. Hearst, "with duty and legally elected mayor," it alleges that ballots legally marked for Hearst were counted for McClellan and that these "miscounts" formed the basis of the returns of the vote. It is charged that men not entitled to vote were allowed to vote for McClellan and that in many other ways the election laws were violated. Votes cast for Hearst are declared were not counted in a number of districts. "Notwithstanding the election of said Hearst, the complaint continues, "George B. McClellan has usurped and intruded into and now unlawfully usurps and holds the office of mayor."

The complaint prays that "McClellan be ousted and excluded from said office and that the plaintiff" (the people) "may recover from the defendant the costs and disbursements of this action."

Mayor McClellan refused today to discuss the case.

Action at Once.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 7.—In view of the precedence given in the courts to actions begun by the attorney general the suit of ouster against Mayor McClellan will come to trial at once. Attorney General Jackson said this evening that this action would take the place of that proposed on the relation of Mr. Hearst himself, further proceedings in which were enjoined by the supreme court.

DISTRICT COURT NOTES.

A balance due of \$200 on a bill of \$463 for baths is the cause of a suit brought against the estate of the late S. B. Isenhardt by H. Kihlberg, who claims to be the owner of the National hotel. The bill for baths was made, it is claimed, from June 1900, to the same time in 1904. The suit is filed in the district court.

The temporary restraining order granted by Judge Hazen against V. Kaczynski, owner of the building at 118 East Sixth avenue, restraining him from leasing his building for joint purposes was made permanent by the court today.

W. C. Stevenson, owner of the building occupied by the Owl restaurant, was also permanently enjoined from leasing his building as a joint.

J. M. McFarland has filed suit in the city court to elect George Anderson from the building at 832 North Kansas avenue.

GALLERIES WERE FULL.

Big Crowd to Hear Discussion of the
Brownsville Affair.

Washington, Jan. 7.—The galleries of the senate were occupied to their capacity today in anticipation of further discussion of the Foraker resolution respecting the Brownsville negro troops investigation and because of the notice by Senator Geary that he would discuss the Japanese question.

Senator Lodge called up the Foraker resolution simply to say that he should follow Mr. Geary's Japanese speech with remarks on the addition he had offered to the Foraker resolution, which addition recognizes the legal authority of the president to take the action he did in discharging the negro troops.

Mr. Hepburn offered another amendment which was accepted authorizing the military committee to visit Brownsville, Texas, and take testimony. Mr. Foraker then asked unanimous consent that the resolution be made a special order daily until disposed of. Senator Hepburn objected, saying there were other matters of vital importance in this connection. Mr. Foraker gave notice that he would renew his motion later.

Mr. Geary was then given the floor to discuss the Japanese question.

As a substitute for Foraker resolution and the amendment thereto, Senator Knox has prepared a resolution which it is expected Senator Lodge will introduce today, simply authorizing the committee on military affairs to make inquiry and take testimony in regard to the Brownsville affair.

The effect of substitute will be to leave to the committee on military affairs the question of deciding whether the president has authority to discharge the negro troops.

It is not believed that Senator Foraker will consent to the substitute.

Says Office Made a Mistake.

Jack Bannon, black as the ace of spades and as drunk as he could possibly get and navigate, if the story of Special Watchman W. H. Reddy is exactly right, was picked up at the Rock Island depot last night and carted to the police station in the "hurry up" wagon. This morning he was sober in spots but not in his head and he declared that while he had taken a few drinks at one of the lower Kansas avenue joints that he was not intoxicated and that the policeman who picked him up had made a bad mistake.

Japan Is Not Hostile.

Los Angeles, Jan. 7.—"Japan does not want war with America. The sentiment there is not hostile to the United States. This war talk is absurd," B. P. McHarris, head of the Methodist church in Japan, made the foregoing statement during an interview here today.

LOCAL MENTION.

Levi Scott, who founded the Cremere restaurant in 1893 is reported to be dying with pneumonia at his home at Cowansville, Canada. Clarence Scott, who is the present proprietor of the Cremere is his nephew.

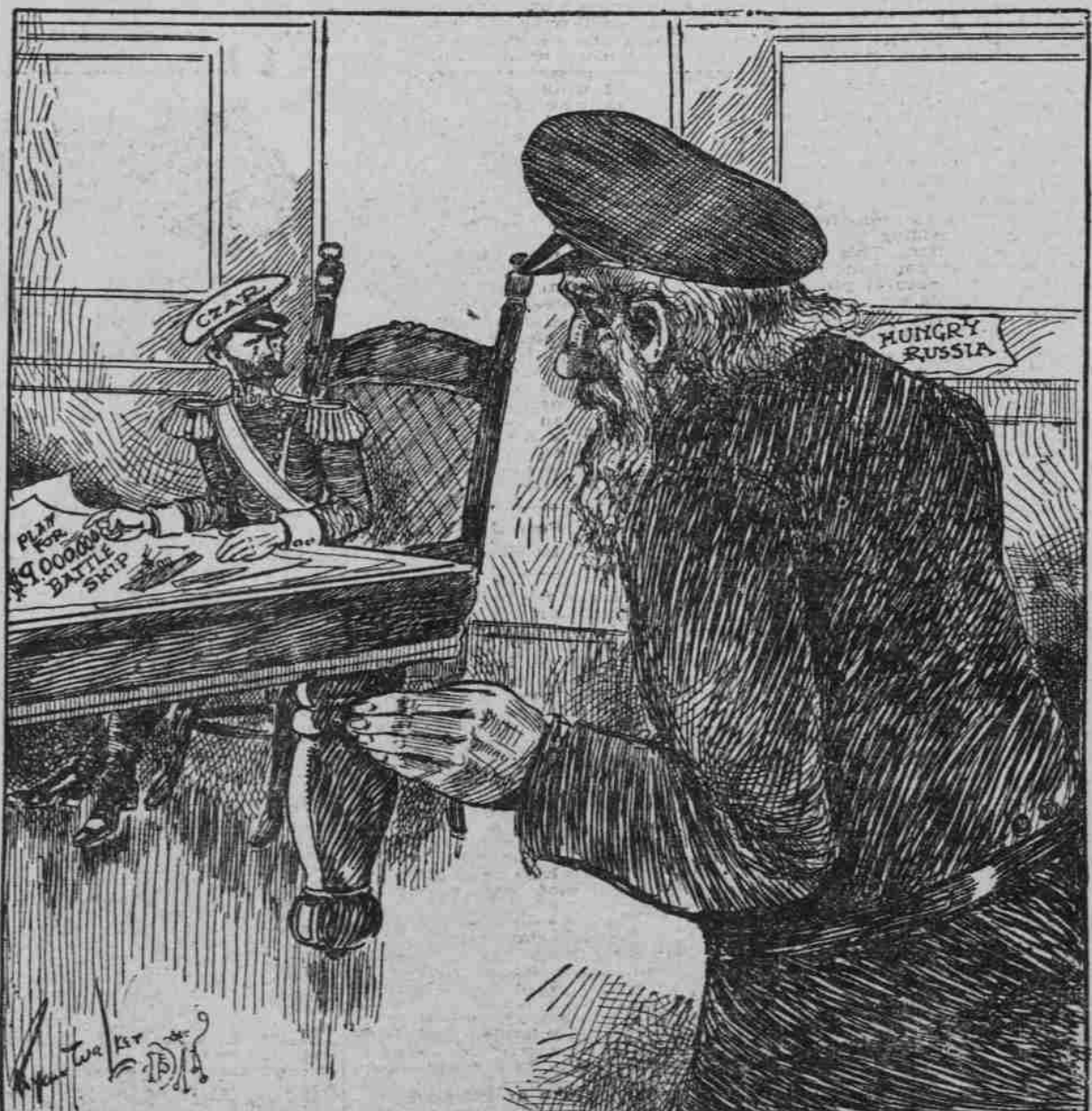
J. C. Emahelzer of the firm of Emahelzer & Spielman is spending the week in Chicago and Grand Rapids in the furniture markets.

Wm. H. Barnes will retain his position as secretary of the Kansas State Horticultural society until July 1.

The following program has been prepared for the meeting of state camp No. 75, W. O. W. and Live Oak Grove No. 15, W. C. Opening: Prof. Harvey Worrall and Mrs. Worrall; song, Miss Snyder; reading, Lieta Hogue; song, Mr. W. A. Floyd; reading, Miss Zebra Kanham; song, Mr. Spencer; reading, Miss Hooker; song, Miss Hazel Kaiser.

An automobile driven by Jack Dillon ran down a boy on a bicycle at the corner of Eighth and Kansas avenue late Saturday afternoon. The automobile was stopped before it ran over the boy although he was knocked from the wheel he was riding. The boy was bruised but received no serious injuries and the wheel was considerably damaged.

Mrs. J. W. Ferguson was called to La Porte, Ind., Sunday on account of serious sickness of her father.



Starving Russia—I am very hungry. There are 18,000,000 of us starving. The czar—Don't bother me! Don't you see I'm planning some more nine-million-dollar battleships for our greater glory.

Clearance Sale of
Wool Waists

Styles of this season. None could be prettier, more modish, more becoming. Yet inventory is close at hand—the waist stocks must be lessened; so we have deducted one-fourth from the regular prices of all our wool waists, to make quick selling tomorrow.

\$1.50 Waists for \$1.13

Pretty Styles in navy blue mohair—ten rows of tucks down front, tucked cuffs and stock. Tucked back.

\$2.25 Waists for \$1.69

Mohair in blue and black, solid color with fancy stripes. Back closing, fine tucks in front to yoke depth. Tucked cuffs.

\$2.50 Waists for \$1.88

Box Pleated Mohair, with fine tucks alternating to form yoke. Tailor button trimmings, back closing, tucked cuffs.

\$3.00 Waists for \$2.25

Nunsveiling in brown, grey, and black. Back closing. Embroidery front with fine tucked yoke. Tucked back.

\$3.50 Waists for \$2.63

Nunsveiling in black and white, broad tailored front pleat with crocheted buttons for closing—inch-wide tucks at side—back tucked. Stock as tailored tie of taffeta silk.

Similar style in brown, black, red and blue nunsveiling—with silk tailor buttons, tucked stock, narrow turn over cuffs.

Light blue, and white nunsveiling—full tucked yoke in front, back closing, back tucked—short, full sleeves.

\$3.95 Waists for \$2.98

Plaid Waists—in rich color blendings. Brown, blue and blue-and-green combinations. Front box pleated—top collar and tie of plain taffeta on plaid stock.

\$4.50 Waists for \$3.38

White-and-Black Striped Nunsveiling, full length pin tucks in groups, yoke closely pin tucked, back closing with tucks.

\$5.00 Waists for \$3.75

White-and-Black Dotted Nunsveiling, yoke of tucks, front and back tucked in clusters, back closing, tucked cuffs and stock.

White Mohair, also black, front of broad tailored tucks, back tucked, neat stock has tie finished with narrow taffeta folds.

Comforts at Manufacturer's Cost

In one of our windows we are showing a line of cotton, wool, and down filled comforts which we will close out before inventory at manufacturer's cost. Let the values speak for themselves.

THE MILLS CO.

WILL TRY AGAIN.

New Mexico Is About to Ask for Immediate Statehood.

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 7.—The New Mexico constitutional convention, consisting of delegates elected at the November election, convened today to draft a constitution to submit to congress, with a plea for immediate admission to statehood.

Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince, who was a member of the New York constitutional convention, was elected president, and David M. White of Santa Fe, secretary.

JAMES DRAKE IN HOT WATER.

Cost Him Only Five Dollars to Get Out of It.

James Drake, who admits that he is a professional horse trader from Missouri, and that he brought a good sized jag across the line with him, which he rekindled as soon as he alighted from the train and located a Kansas joint, which was not long, pleaded guilty to a common drunk in police court this morning and looked pleased when Judge Urmey dished out the minimum fine of \$5 to him.

It has been but a few months since A Goose was assessed a fine of \$5 and trimmings for being drunk in a public place and the week following a Drake attempted to reach his home across the Shunganunga on Sixth street and fell off of the bridge and almost killed himself. Though the misfortunes of the fowl kingdom have been numerous of late, they have all received the minimum fine of \$5 and costs.

TOPEKA MAN IN NEW GAS FIELD.

E. E. Roubush Acquires Interests at Elmdale.

E. E. Roubush of this city has acquired extensive leases of gas land with G. W. Shaw near Elmdale, Kansas, west of Cottonwood Falls. Three gas wells have been put in running north and south and all of the wells are heavy producers. Drilling has commenced for another well.

It is probable that all of the cities in that part of the state will be furnished with natural gas and it is believed that if the showing continues good that a pipe line may be constructed to Topeka.

Mr. Roubush will spend his exclusive time in the development of this gas field.

Hau Taken to Hamburg.

Hamburg, Jan. 7.—Karl Hau of George Washington university, Washington, D. C., whose extradition was granted in London recently on charge of murdering his mother-in-law in Baden, arrived here today in charge of English detectives.

Starving Russia—I am very hungry. There are 18,000,000 of us starving. The czar—Don't bother me! Don't you see I'm planning some more nine-million-dollar battleships for our greater glory.

State Journal. 10c a Week.

The Simple Life Will Come.

Chicago specialists on "nerves" see the dawn of the sane and normal life.

"I now we are moving as a nation toward nervous prostration," said Dr. John R. Murphy. "But we're not going to continue this foolishness for more than two generations. You may observe that the further you go west from Chicago the more strenuous you find life being lived, and the further east you go the easier life is being taken."

"The older community is always more leisurely, staid, and sane, and less clumsy and impetuous. The English know how to live; we don't, but we will learn."

Health Commissioner Whalen said that a recent investigation by the department of the prevalence of nervousness in Chicago and in the United States in general has shown a marked decrease in recent years.

"Nervousness is falling off the world over," said Dr. Whalen.

A minority report was presented in the comment of Dr. William N. Senn, who disagreed with Dr. Whalen.

"Nervous prostration is the national malady," he said. "It's bound to be. Our strenuous life and improper manner of living make it inevitable. We may reform and return to the simple life; if we don't we're doomed."—Chicago Special in the New York World.

Range of Prices on Stocks.

(Published by J. E. Gail, Commissions, Grain, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks. Office 110 W. Sixth St. Phone 484.)

Copper	121	121 1/2	120 1/2	120 1/2
B. R. T.	80 1/2	81 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Am. Can. and Found	44 1/2	45 1/2	44 1/2	44 1/2
U. S. Steel, com.	42 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	42 1/2
U. S. Steel, pfd.	107 1/2	108 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
Atchafalca com.	106 1/2	107 1/2	106 1/2	106 1/2
Great Western	17 1/2	17 3/4	17 1/2	17 1/2
St. Paul	152 1/2	153 1/2	152 1/2	152 1/2
Rock Island	28 1/2	29 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Wabash, pfd.	28 1/2	28 3/4	28 1/2	28 1/2
Missouri Pacific	92 1/2	93 1/2	92 1/2	92 1/2
Am. Smelting	154 1/2	154 3/4	153 1/2	153 1/2
Am. Locomotive	133 1/2	134 1/2	133 1/2	133 1/2
N. Y. Central	37 1/2	37 3/4	37 1/2	37 1/2
Texas Pacific	37 1/2	37 3/4	37 1/2	37 1/2
Southern Pacific	34 1/2	34 3/4	34 1/2	34 1/2
Reading	137 1/2	138 1/2	137 1/2	137 1/2
Erie, com.	43 1/2	44 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
So. Railway	37 1/2	37 3/4	37 1/2	37 1/2
Union Pacific	181 1/2	182 1/2	180 1/2	180 1/2
C. & O.	154 1/2	155 1/2	154 1/2	154 1/2
B. & O.	121 1/2	121 3/4	121 1/2	121 1/2
L. & N.	144 1/2	145 1/2	144 1/2	144 1/2
Pennsylvania	140	141 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2
Can. Pacific	194	194 1/2	193 1/2	193 1/2